# Church - Your New Community

When we receive Christ, there is more to it than just a "personal relationship" with Him. God adopts us into His family, the Church. God does not intend for us to live as hermits, we have a family that transcends culture and time.

### What is "church"?

ekklesia, ek-klay-see'-ah; from a compound of Greek 1537 (ek) and a derivative of Greek 2564 (kaleo); a calling out, i.e. (concretely) a popular meeting, especially a religious congregation (Jewish synagogue, or Christian community of members on earth or saints in heaven or both):- assembly, church.

-- Strong's Exhaustive Concordance

A gathering of believers in which there is:

- Proclamation of the Word
- Administration of the sacraments
- Enforcement of discipline

-- John Calvin

It denotes the whole body of the redeemed, all those whom the Father has given to Christ, the invisible catholic church (Eph 5:23-29; Hebrews 12:23).

-- Easton's Bible Dictionary

A gathering of believers in which there is:

- Leadership by people meeting Biblical qualifications
- Worship
- Instruction
- Fellowship
- Evangelism
- Administered with excellence
- -- Pastor John Woodall, Reston Bible Church

Church exists wherever there are believers covenanted together sitting under the Word of God in order to hear it and obey it.

-- The Crowded House, a church plant in Sheffield, England (www.thecrowdedhouse.org)

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#### THE CHURCH - ITS PEOPLE

I Corinthians 12:12,13 Its people

Is any gathering of Christians a "church"? Why or why not?

### THE CHURCH -ITS PURPOSE

Ephesians 2:19-22 Exalt God

Ephesians 4:11-13 Equip the saints

I Peter 2:9-15 Evangelize the world

How would the absence of <u>any</u> of these affect a church's health?

Should church services be designed for Christians, non-Christians, or both? Why? How would you implement your plan?

#### **CHURCH LIFE**

- All Christians are members of the <u>priesthood</u> (I Peter 2:9; Heb 4:14-16).
- Each believer has a <u>purpose</u> in the Church (2 Timothy 1:9).
- Participation is <u>expected</u> of all believers (Romans 12:1-13; I Corinthians 12).
- Giving is expected of all believers (2 Corinthians 9:6-11).
- Our fellowship is a <u>purposeful witness</u> for Christ (John 13, 34,35;
  I Corinthians 14:24,25).
- Christians are subject to church <u>discipline</u> (Matt 18:15-17).
- Believer's <a href="baptism">baptism</a> is an outward sign of inward profession (Acts 8:26-38).
- The Lord's <u>supper</u> is to be celebrated with other believers (Mark 14:22-25; I Corinthians I I:23-34)

Participation in a HEALTHY SMALL GROUP is essential to give and receive the benefits of BIBLICAL CHURCH LIFE in our culture!

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#### THE CHURCH - ITS GOVERNMENT

Jesus Christ is the head of the Church (Colossians 1:18; Ephesians 5:22-33).

Overseer, bishop, elder, pastor - essentially the same

- 1. Elders are to be appointed in the congregations (Titus 1:5)
- 2. Plurality of elders (Phil 1:1; Acts 14:23; Titus 1:5; Acts 20:17)
- 3. Deacons are to care for service needs (Acts 6:1-4)

Elders are not superior to other church members, but we are under their authority and are to honor and respect them (Hebrews 13:17; I Thess 5:12,13).

## The essence of spiritual authority (Dr. Baker, MGS TH-520 Notes)

Servanthood Matthew 20:25-28; John 13:12-16; 1 Peter 5:1-4

Exemplary | Timothy 4:6-12

Source (from God) Hebrews 13:1-7; 2 Corinthians 13:2-4

## The duties of elders (Dr. Baker, MGS TH 520 Notes)

<u>Instruction</u> 2 Timothy 2:14-16

Exhortation 2 Timothy 4:2

Oversight | Timothy 3:5; 5:17; Hebrews 13:17

#### Styles of organization

Denominational hierarchy (Bishop, priest, deacon)

Elder led (elected by congregation)

Congregational – one vote, one man

#### THE CHURCH - ITS ORDINANCES

Communion/Lord's Supper

Luke 22:14-20 c.f. Jeremiah 31:31-34; Hebrews 10:1-18

I Corinthians II:17-34

### **Baptism**